POLARIS - Active Foam

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878
Issue date: 11/26/2020 Revision date: 10/22/2024 Supersedes version of: 1/10/2024 Version: 4.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : POLARIS - Active Foam
UFI : XSPK-9QN1-W105-F5CP
Product code : 115555631
Product group : Trade product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Intended for general public
Main use category : Consumer use
Use of the substance/mixture : Exterior cleaning products - all vehicle types

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer
Brands Alliance s.r.o. Ltd
Pri Šajbách 1
SK 831 06 Bratislava
T +421244871700
msds@brandsalliance.eu, www.brandsalliance.eu

Distributor
AENSO UK LTD
Chandos House
School Lane
GB MK18 1HD Buckingham
T +441280703163

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Country/Area	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
United Kingdom	Guy's & St Thomas' Poisons Unit Medical Toxicology Unit, Guy's & St Thomas' Hospital Trust	Avonley Road SE14 5ER	+44 20 7188 7188	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	H318
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2	H411

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :

GHS05 GHS09

Signal word (CLP) : Danger
Contains : Sodium lauriminodipropionate; Coco-glucoside; Sodium laureth sulfate; Lauramine Oxide

Hazard statements (CLP)	:	H315 - Causes skin irritation. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements (CLP)	:	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 - Immediately call a doctor. P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label). P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P391 - Collect spillage. P501 - Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

Contains no PBT and/or vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Trilon(R) M	CAS-No.: 164462-16-2 EC-No.: 423-270-5	1 – 5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Sodium lauriminodipropionate	CAS-No.: 14960-06-6 EC-No.: 239-032-7	1 – 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Coco-glucoside	CAS-No.: 110615-47-9	1 – 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Sodium laureth sulfate	CAS-No.: 68891-38-3 EC-No.: 500-234-8	1 – 5	Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Lauramine Oxide	CAS-No.: 1643-20-5 EC-No.: 216-700-6	1 – 5	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Citric acid substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (DE)	CAS-No.: 77-92-9 EC-No.: 201-069-1 EC Index-No.: 607-750-00-3	0.5 – 1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Sodium hydroxide substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB, PL, SK)	CAS-No.: 1310-73-2 EC-No.: 215-185-5 EC Index-No.: 011-002-00-6	0.5 – 1	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Sodium chloride	CAS-No.: 7647-14-5 EC-No.: 231-598-3	0.1 – 0.5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)
Butanedione substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (DE, GB, NL, PL, SK)	CAS-No.: 431-03-8 EC-No.: 207-069-8	< 0.1	Not classified

Specific concentration limits:		
Name	**Product identifier**	**Specific concentration limits (%)**
Coco-glucoside	CAS-No.: 110615-47-9	(12 < C ≤ 30) Eye Dam. 1; H318 (30 < C < 100) Skin Irrit. 2; H315 (30 < C < 100) Eye Dam. 1; H318
Sodium laureth sulfate	CAS-No.: 68891-38-3 EC-No.: 500-234-8	(5 ≤ C < 10) Eye Irrit. 2; H319 (10 ≤ C < 100) Eye Dam. 1; H318
Sodium hydroxide	CAS-No.: 1310-73-2 EC-No.: 215-185-5 EC Index-No.: 011-002-00-6	(0.5 ≤ C < 2) Skin Irrit. 2; H315 (0.5 ≤ C < 2) Eye Irrit. 2; H319 (2 ≤ C < 5) Skin Corr. 1B; H314 (5 ≤ C ≤ 100) Skin Corr. 1A; H314

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Although no appropriate human or animal health effects data are known to exist, this material is expected to be an inhalation hazard.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Serious damage to eyes.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : None under normal conditions.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : No fire hazard.

Explosion hazard : No direct explosion hazard.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Collect spillage. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Stop leak without risks if possible.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear personal protective equipment.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place away from heat.

Storage conditions : Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Packaging materials : Store always product in container of same material as original container.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Sodium hydroxide
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	2 mg/m³
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

Butanedione (431-03-8)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Diacetyl (Butanedione)
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	0.07 mg/m³
	0.02 ppm
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	0.36 mg/m³
	0.1 ppm
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:
Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment:
Safety glasses.
Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

Eye and face protection

Eye protection:
Safety glasses

Skin protection

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

Hand protection:
Protective gloves

Hand protection					
Type	**Material**	**Permeation**	**Thickness (mm)**	**Penetration**	**Standard**
Disposable gloves	Nitrile rubber (NBR), Chloroprene rubber (CR)	6 (> 480 minutes)	0,4-0,7		EN ISO 374, EN ISO 374-1, EN 374-2

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:
Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Colour	:	dark red.
Appearance	:	Liquid.
Odour	:	Fruity.
Odour threshold	:	Not available
Melting point	:	Not available
Freezing point	:	< -20 °C
Boiling point	:	Not available
Flammability	:	Non flammable.
Lower explosion limit	:	Not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Not available
Flash point	:	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available
pH	:	≈ 7.5
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not available
Solubility	:	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	:	Not available
Vapour pressure	:	Not available
Vapour pressure at 50°C	:	Not available
Density	:	Not available
Relative density	:	Not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C	:	Not available
Particle characteristics	:	Not applicable

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Citric acid (77-92-9)	
LD50 oral rat	3000 mg/kg Source: OECD Screening Information Data Set
LD50 oral	5400 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), 95% CL: 4500 - 6400
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LD50 oral rat	140 – 340 mg/kg Source: ECHA
LD50 dermal rabbit	1350 mg/kg Source: HSDB

Sodium lauriminodipropionate (14960-06-6)	
LD50 oral rat	31300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Coco-glucoside (110615-47-9)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Sodium laureth sulfate (68891-38-3)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rat	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
LD50 oral rat	3000 mg/kg Source: International Uniform ChemicaL Information Database
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 10.5 mg/l Source: Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex

Lauramine Oxide (1643-20-5)	
LD50 oral	1267 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal))

Butanedione (431-03-8)	
LD50 oral rat	1580 mg/kg
LD50 oral	3000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg

Butanedione (431-03-8)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	7.92 mg/l/4h

Trilon(R) M (164462-16-2)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity (Oral))
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 4.25 mg/l Source: ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
pH: ≈ 7.5

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
pH	1.5 Source: HSDB

Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
pH	6.7 Source: The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.
pH: ≈ 7.5

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
pH	1.5 Source: HSDB

Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
pH	6.7 Source: The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Trilon(R) M (164462-16-2)	
NOAEL (chronic, oral, animal/male, 2 years)	262.2 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies), Remarks on results: other:Effect type: carcinogenicity (migrated information)
NOAEL (chronic, oral, animal/female, 2 years)	333.9 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies), Remarks on results: other:Effect type: carcinogenicity (migrated information)

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
STOT-single exposure : Not classified
STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified

Citric acid (77-92-9)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	8000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	4000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat

Sodium lauriminodipropionate (14960-06-6)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	160 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test), Guideline: other:EPA OPPTS 870.3650, July 2000

Coco-glucoside (110615-47-9)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.26 (Sub-Chronic Oral Toxicity Test: Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)

Sodium laureth sulfate (68891-38-3)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	25 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	> 225 mg/kg bodyweight/day Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Lauramine Oxide (1643-20-5)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	40 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test), Guideline: other:OPPTS 870.3650

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable

Trilon(R) M (164462-16-2)	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable

11.2. Information on other hazards

No additional information available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Not classified
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Citric acid (77-92-9)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	48 mg/l Source: ECOTOX
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	> 50 mg/l Test organisms (species): other aquatic crustacea:

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	125 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	40.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia sp.

Sodium lauriminodipropionate (14960-06-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	4.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
LC50 - Fish [2]	≈ 4.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	5.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	1.71 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	31 mg/l Test organisms (species): Chlorella vulgaris
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	870.085 mg/l Source: EPISUITE
NOEC (chronic)	1.5 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

Coco-glucoside (110615-47-9)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.95 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
LC50 - Fish [2]	5.9 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	14 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	12.5 mg/l Source: ECHA

Sodium laureth sulfate (68891-38-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	7.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	7.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	7.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	27 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	27.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
NOEC (chronic)	0.27 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	0.14 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '28 d'

Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5840 mg/l Test organisms (species): Lepomis macrochirus
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	0.0269 mg/l
LOEC (chronic)	441 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia pulex Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	314 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia pulex Duration: '21 d'

Lauramine Oxide (1643-20-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	134 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
LC50 - Fish [2]	31.8 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.9 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	3.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
ErC50 algae	0.1 mg/l
NOEC (chronic)	0.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	0.42 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas Duration: '302 d'
NOEC chronic algae	0.004 mg/l

Butanedione (431-03-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	88015.43 mg/l Source: Ecological Structure Activity Relationships
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	38624.133 mg/l Source: Ecological Structure Activity Relationships

Trilon(R) M (164462-16-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 110 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	> 0.63 mg/l Source: ECHA

Trilon(R) M (164462-16-2)	
LOEC (chronic)	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '28 d'

12.2. Persistence and degradability

POLARIS - Active Foam	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Citric acid (77-92-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Sodium lauriminodipropionate (14960-06-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Coco-glucoside (110615-47-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Sodium laureth sulfate (68891-38-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Lauramine Oxide (1643-20-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Butanedione (431-03-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Trilon(R) M (164462-16-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Citric acid (77-92-9)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.7 Source: ICSC

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-3.88 Source: SRC

Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.46 Source: Quantitative Structure Activity Relation

Lauramine Oxide (1643-20-5)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	4.67

Butanedione (431-03-8)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.34

Trilon(R) M (164462-16-2)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-4 Source: ECHA

12.4. Mobility in soil

Sodium lauriminodipropionate (14960-06-6)	
Mobility in soil	0.08707 Source: EPISUITE

Butanedione (431-03-8)	
Mobility in soil	4.5 Source: HSDB

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

12.7. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Additional information : Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number or ID number				
Not regulated for transport				
14.2. UN proper shipping name				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.4. Packing group				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
No supplementary information available				

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport
Not regulated

Transport by sea
Not regulated

Air transport
Not regulated

Inland waterway transport
Not regulated

Rail transport
Not regulated

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU-Regulations

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)		
Reference code	**Applicable on**	**Entry title or description**
3(b)	POLARIS - Active Foam ; Sodium hydroxide ; Sodium lauriminodipropionate ; Coco-glucoside ; Sodium laureth sulfate ; Lauramine Oxide	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10
3(c)	POLARIS - Active Foam ; Sodium hydroxide ; Sodium laureth sulfate ; Lauramine Oxide	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard class 4.1

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (2024/590)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 2024/590 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Council Regulation (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Contains no substance subject to the COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms:	
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BLV	Biological limit value
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC-No.	European Community number
EC50	Median effective concentration
EN	European Standard
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Median lethal concentration
LD50	Median lethal dose
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstract Service number
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
ED	Endocrine disruptor

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.